





Managing a European R&D Project

What makes a well managed project?

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Good management is crucial

The Commission lays great emphasis on the quality of management.

The proposal must set out definitively:

- what each member of the consortium will do (no overlapping).
- how they will work together effectively (exchanges).
- how the various work packages relate to each other (charts).
- that the consortium has the skills and each activity has been properly resourced.
- deliverables and milestones must be clearly identified in each workpackages







What is a European project (1)

What is a project?

A project is a unique set of coordinated activities, with definite starting and finishing points, undertaken by an individual or organization to meet specific objectives within defined time, cost and performance parameters. From ISO 10006.

What is an EC project?

- □ Partnership; partners will depend of each other, jointly responsible
- □ Foreigners with different cultures







What is a European project (2)

- A European project is
 - a joint project
 - from partners established in different countries
- It is always initiated by an organisation or a small group of persons
- But finally the initial project is enriched by other partners and the final project differs from the initial one
- The final project must be endorsed by all partners







Who are stakeholders?

- European Commission: EC is a stakeholder, the SO (scientific Officer) must be associated to successful projects;
- Industries, both big Companies (exploration) and SMEs (closer to the market)
- Universities and Research Institutions
- Citizens

Roles and responsibilities

- Coordinator (Project manager): project direction, cost control,
 EC contact (reporting)
- WP Leaders: deliver work package results, reporting
- Participants (Contractors): deliver participants contribution
- Administrative: deliver cost statements







What is project management? Overview

Four basic elements:

1 - Project scope

Project size, objectives

2 - Ressources

People, equipment, material

3 – Time and schedule

Task durations, dependencies, critical path, timeline

4 – Money and reporting

Costs, contingencies, meetings and reporting



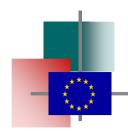




What is project management? Overview

Managing the project scope

- Define objectives: what the project is suppose to accomplish?
- Decide research strategy: how the objectives will be achieved?
- Define scope in terms of deliverables
- Then, associate the project scope with a budget, other ressources (Partnership) and a timeline.







What is project management? Overview

Managing Resources: People, Equipment, and Material

People

Efforts per partners, (and subcontractants); right people and right skills/competencies

Equipment

Usage and access to equipements (subcontracting?)

Material

Follow expensees; Is it needed?

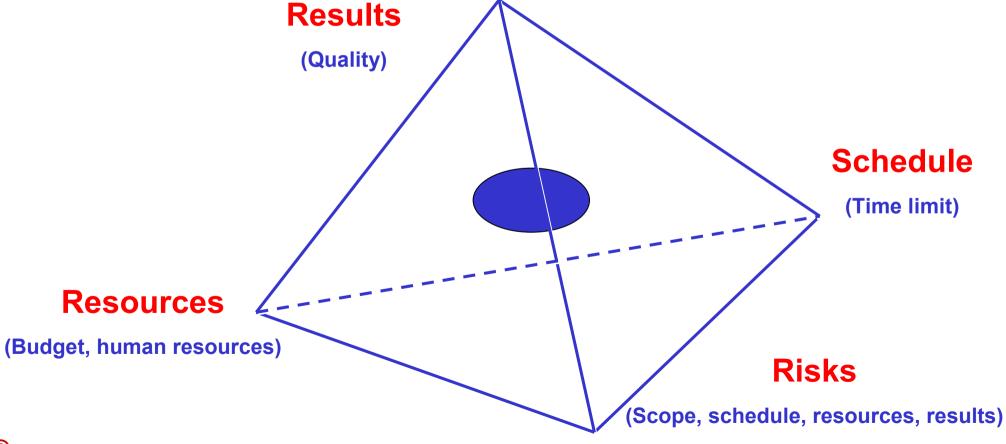






Four constraints of a project:

Achieving specific **results** within a **time limit**, within a **budget** & managing **risks**









What is project management? Overview

Managing Time and Schedule

- Tasks
- Duration, resources, dependencies
- Schedule

Tasks, before a task, after a task

Critical Path

Changeable, often multiple (see risk analysis)

See PERT and GANTT Charts

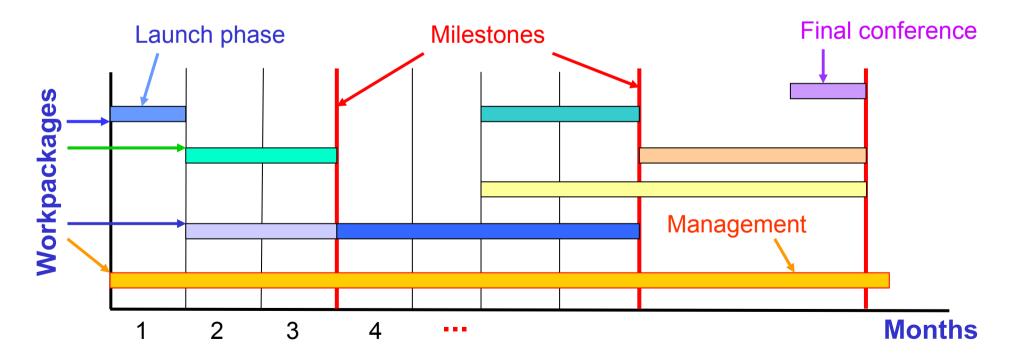






Producing a Gantt Chart

A Gantt Chart helps organize **a plan** to implement a (research) project. It documents **what** is to be accomplished, **who** will be involved and **when** workpackages and tasks will take place and how they will interrelate. It shows at a quick glance **the course of the project**. Additionally it provides guidance for managing the project. A simple example looks like:









What is project management? Overview

Managing Costs, Meetings and reporting:

Costs

Estimated & actual costs, variability during the course of the project

Contingencies

Delays, unpredictable events (see risk analysis)

- Meetings and Reporting
 - o Kick off meeting
 - Annual meeting
 - Final meeting







What is project management? Overview

Communication management:

Promote effective communications between the :

- Project members (coordinators/WP leaders/Participants) and
- Project team members and :
 - O Project officer (make the Commission a friend!)
 - OKey stakeholders,
 - O Scientists,
 - O End users,
 - O Etc.







What is project management? Overview

Risk Management:

Identify and analyze project risks

The coordinator has to:

- prepare alternative Activities/Tasks
- take action in due time







What is project management? Overview

Why projects fail?

- The goal of the project is not clear enough
- The project in not planned properly
- The ressources are inadequate compare to the project planning
- Participants' rôle is not clear and overlap
- The project is not managed during its course
- The reporting is non-existent







What is project management? Overview

Tips for a successful project management:

- Define clear objectives and be sure these objectives are understood and shared by all participants (submission; kick off meeting)
- Manage the project scope
- Identify the risks and take appropriate actions
- Decide before/during the kick off meeting how problems will be solved (Consortium agreement, rules for a good management)
- Plan, plan then plan some more
- Communicate towards all participants and keep the team happy!